

your **group**
benefits

Covenant Health

**Our Lady of the Rosary Hospital, Castor –
AUPE Auxillary Nursing**

Billing Group 008

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General Information

About this booklet

The information in this employee benefits booklet is important to you. It provides the information you need about the group benefits available through your employer's group contract with Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada (*Sun Life*), a member of the Sun Life Financial group of companies.

Your group benefits may be modified after the effective date of this booklet. You will receive written notification of changes to your group plan. The notification will supplement your group benefits booklet and should be kept in a safe place together with this booklet.

If you have any questions about the information in this employee benefits booklet, or you need additional information about your group benefits, please contact your employer.

The contract holder, Covenant Health, self-insures the Short-Term Disability benefit. This means that Covenant Health plays a role similar to that of an insurance company for its employees. Covenant Health has the sole legal and financial liability for this benefit and funds the claims from its net income, retained earnings or other financial resources. Sun Life provides administrative services only (ASO) such as claims processing. All other benefits are insured by Sun Life.

Eligibility

To be eligible for group benefits, you must be a resident of Canada and meet the following conditions:

- you are a permanent employee or a temporary employee with a minimum 6 month assignment.
- you are actively working for your employer at least 15 hours a week.
- you have completed the waiting period.

The waiting period for your group plan is 3 months of continuous

employment in a benefit eligible position.

We consider you to be actively working if you are performing all the usual and customary duties of your job with your employer for the scheduled number of hours for that day. This includes scheduled non-working days and any period of continuous paid vacation of up to 3 months if you were actively working on the last scheduled working day. We do not consider you to be actively at work if you are receiving disability benefits or are participating in a partial disability or rehabilitation program.

Your dependents become eligible for coverage on the date you become eligible or the date they first become your dependent, whichever is later. You must apply for coverage for yourself in order for your dependents to be eligible.

Who qualifies as your dependent

Your dependent must be your spouse or your child and a resident of Canada or the United States.

Your spouse by marriage or under any other formal union recognized by law, or your partner of the opposite sex or of the same sex who has been publicly represented as your spouse for at least the last year, is an eligible dependent. You can only cover one spouse at a time.

Your children and your spouse's children (other than foster children) are eligible dependents if they are not married or in any other formal union recognized by law, and are under age 21.

A child who is a full-time student attending an educational institution recognized under the Income Tax Act (Canada) is also considered an eligible dependent until the age of 25 as long as the child is entirely dependent on you for financial support.

If a child becomes handicapped before the limiting age, we will continue coverage as long as:

- the child is incapable of financial self-support because of a physical or mental disability, and
- the child depends on you for financial support, and is not married

nor in any other formal union recognized by law.

In these cases, you must notify Sun Life within 31 days of the date the child attains the limiting age. Your employer can give you more information about this.

Enrolment

You have to enrol to receive coverage. To enrol, you must request coverage in writing by supplying the appropriate enrolment information to your employer. For a dependent to receive coverage, you must request dependent coverage.

For your Optional Life coverage, you must request coverage within 45 days of becoming eligible for coverage or acquiring your first dependent. If you do not request coverage within this time limit, you will have to provide proof of good health at your own expense. Coverage will not take effect before Sun Life approves the proof of good health.

When coverage begins

Your coverage begins on the date you become eligible for coverage.

If you are not actively working on the date coverage would normally begin, your coverage will not begin until you return to active work.

Dependent coverage begins on the date your coverage begins or the date you first have an eligible dependent, whichever is later.

However, for a dependent, other than a newborn child, who is hospitalized, coverage will begin when the dependent is discharged from hospital and is actively pursuing normal activities.

Once you have dependent coverage, any subsequent dependents will be covered automatically.

If there are additional conditions for a particular benefit, these conditions will appear in the appropriate benefit section later in this booklet.

Changes affecting your coverage

From time to time, there may be circumstances that change your coverage.

For example, your employment status may change, or your employer may change the group contract. Any resulting change in the coverage will take effect on the date of the change in circumstances.

The following exceptions apply if the result of the change is an increase in coverage:

- if proof of good health is required, the change cannot take effect before Sun Life approves the proof of good health.
- if you are not actively working when the change occurs or when Sun Life approves proof of good health, the change cannot take effect before you return to active work.
- if a dependent, other than a newborn child, is hospitalized on the date when the change occurs, the change in the dependent's coverage cannot take effect before the dependent is discharged and is actively pursuing normal activities.

Updating your records

To ensure that coverage is kept up-to-date, it is important that you report any of the following changes to your employer:

- change of dependents.
- change of name.
- change of beneficiary.

When coverage ends

As an employee, your coverage will end on the earlier of the following dates:

- the date your employment ends or you retire.
- the date you are no longer actively working.
- the end of the period for which premiums have been paid to Sun Life for your coverage.
- the date the group contract ends.

A dependent's coverage terminates on the earlier of the following

dates:

- the date your coverage ends.
- the date the dependent is no longer an eligible dependent.
- the end of the period for which premiums have been paid for dependent coverage.

The termination of coverage may vary from benefit to benefit. For information about the termination of a specific benefit, please refer to the appropriate section of this employee benefits booklet.

However, if you die while covered by this plan, coverage for your dependents will continue, without premiums, until the earlier of the following dates:

- 24 months after the date of your death.
- the date the person would no longer be considered your dependent under this plan if you were still alive.
- the date the benefit provision under which the dependent is covered terminates.

Replacement coverage

The group contract will be interpreted and administered according to all applicable legislation and the guidelines of the Canadian Life and Health Insurance Association concerning the continuation of insurance following contract termination and the replacement of group insurance.

Sun Life will not be responsible for paying benefits if an insurer under a previous group contract is responsible for paying similar benefits.

If such legislation or guidelines require that Sun Life resume paying certain benefits because of a recurrence of an employee's total disability, Sun Life will resume payment at the same amount and for the remainder of the maximum benefit period.

Making claims

Sun Life is dedicated to processing your claims promptly and efficiently. You should contact your employer to get the proper form to make a claim. There are time limits for making claims. These limits are

discussed in the appropriate sections of this employee benefits booklet. All claims must be made in writing on forms approved by Sun Life.

No legal action may be brought by you more than one year after the date we must receive your claim forms or more than one year after we stop paying disability benefits.

Proof of disability From time to time, Sun Life can require that you provide us with proof of your total disability. If you do not provide this information within 90 days of the request, you will not be entitled to benefits.

Medical examination We can require you to have a medical examination if you make a claim for benefits. We will pay for the cost of the examination. If you fail or refuse to have this examination, we will not pay any benefit.

Recovering overpayments We have the right to recover all overpayments of benefits either by deducting from other benefits or by any other available legal means.

Definitions Here is a list of definitions of some terms that appear in this employee benefits booklet. Other definitions appear in the benefit sections.

Accident An accident is a bodily injury that occurs solely as a direct result of a violent, sudden and unexpected action from an outside source.

Appropriate treatment Appropriate treatment is defined as any treatment that is performed and prescribed by a doctor or, when Sun Life believes it is necessary, by a medical specialist. It must be the usual and reasonable treatment for the condition and must be provided as frequently as is usually required by the condition. It must not be limited solely to examinations or testing.

Basic earnings Basic earnings are the salary you receive from your employer, including education allowance, but excluding any bonus, overtime, incentive pay, shift differential, call-back charges or any other premium pay.

Doctor A doctor is a physician or surgeon who is licensed to practice medicine where that practice is located.

Illness An illness is a bodily injury, disease, mental infirmity or sickness. Any surgery needed to donate a body part to another person which causes

total disability is an illness.

Retirement date If you are totally disabled, your retirement date is your 65th birthday, unless you have actually retired before then.

We, our and us We, our and us mean Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.

Short-Term Disability (Weekly Indemnity)

General description of the coverage

The contract holder has the sole legal and financial liability for this benefit. Sun Life only acts as administrator on behalf of the contract holder.

Short-Term Disability coverage provides a benefit if you become totally disabled. You qualify for this benefit if you present proof of claim acceptable to Sun Life that:

- you became totally disabled while covered, and
- you have been following appropriate treatment for the disability since its onset.

For the purposes of your Short-Term Disability coverage, you will be considered totally disabled while you are continuously unable due to an illness to do the essential duties of your own occupation. This includes any period during which you are unable to report for work as a result of being quarantined due to a declared pandemic or respiratory infection outbreak.

Your benefits will be based on your coverage on the date you became totally disabled. Benefits are paid at the end of each week for which you are entitled to payments.

When disability payments begin

If you become totally disabled because of an **accident** and your total disability begins within 30 days of the accident, you will be eligible for Short-Term Disability payments on the date you become totally disabled, after the last day benefits are payable under your employer's sick leave plan or the first day you consult a doctor, whichever is later.

If you become totally disabled because of an **illness** and you are hospitalized or if you are quarantined due to a declared pandemic or respiratory infection outbreak, you will be eligible for Short-Term Disability benefits on the date you are hospitalized or quarantined or

after the last day benefits are payable under your employer's sick leave plan, whichever is later.

If you become totally disabled because of an **illness** and you are not hospitalized, you will be eligible for Short-Term Disability payments after 14 days of uninterrupted total disability, after the last day benefits are payable under your employer's sick leave plan or the first day you consult a doctor, whichever is later.

This period, which must be completed before disability benefits become payable, is the **elimination period**.

If you are totally disabled for part of any week, we will pay 1/7 of the weekly benefit for each day you are totally disabled.

If you become totally disabled during a lay-off or approved leave and your coverage continues during this time, you will be eligible for benefit payments following your recall or scheduled return to your regular work schedule with your employer. You must have been totally disabled for at least the period described as the elimination period and still be totally disabled on the date you are recalled or scheduled to return to your regular work schedule with your employer.

Interrupted periods of disability

If you had a total disability for which we paid Short-Term Disability benefits and total disability occurs again due to the same or related causes, we will consider it a continuation of your previous total disability if it occurs within 2 weeks of the end of your previous disability. You must be covered when the total disability reoccurs.

These benefits will be based on your coverage as it existed on the original date of total disability and will be paid for no longer than the rest of the maximum benefit period.

What we will pay

Here is how we calculate your Short-Term Disability payments. All references to income in this disability provision are to the gross amounts before any deductions.

Step 1: We take 66.67% of your weekly basic earnings up to a maximum of \$1,539. The benefit amount is rounded to the next higher \$1.

If your Short-Term Disability benefit is less than the benefit that would be payable under the Employment Insurance Act, your basic earnings will be increased by the amount of bonus, commission, overtime or incentive pay earned on a regular basis, required to calculate the amount of benefit payable under the Employment Insurance Act.

Step 2: We subtract any income provided to you:

- under a motor vehicle insurance plan which provides disability benefits as long as any benefits payable under the Employment Insurance Act are not taken into account when determining the amount of benefits payable under the motor vehicle insurance plan, and as long as the law does not prohibit such a deduction.
- under a group plan, including a multiple-employer group plan.
- under the Québec Parental Insurance Plan.
- under crimes compensation board or civil suites.

After the first 17 weeks of total disability, when the maximum benefit period is more than 17 weeks, we also subtract any income provided to you:

- for the same or a subsequent disability under any government-sponsored plan, excluding dependent benefits, employment insurance benefits and automatic cost-of-living increases that occur after benefits begin.
- under a retirement or pension plan funded in whole or in part by the employer, as a result of your disability or a medical condition.
- under any coverage resulting from your membership in an association of any kind.

The result from Step 2 is the amount you would normally receive as a Short-Term Disability payment. However, if the amount calculated under Step 2, plus the above sources of income, exceeds 100% of your pre-disability basic earnings (after income tax, if the benefit is non-

taxable), your Short-Term Disability payment is reduced by the excess.

If you are eligible for any of the income amounts above and do not apply for them, we will still consider them part of your income. We can estimate those benefits and use those amounts when we calculate your payments.

If you receive any of the income amounts above in a lump sum, we will determine the equivalent compensation this represents on a weekly basis using generally accepted accounting principles.

We will not take into account any benefits that began before your disability began. However, increases in those benefits as a result of your disability will be taken into account.

We have the right to adjust your benefit payments when necessary.

**Maternity / parental
leave of absence**

Maternity leave agreed to with your employer will begin on the date you and your employer have agreed will be the start of your leave or the date the child is born, whichever is earlier. The leave will end on the date you and your employer have agreed that you will return to your regular work schedule or the actual date you return to your regular work schedule, whichever is earlier.

Parental leave is the period of time that you and your employer have agreed on.

Sun Life will determine any portions of a maternity or parental leave which are voluntary and any portions which are health-related. The health-related portion of the leave is the period in which a woman can establish, through appropriate medical documentation, that she is unable to work for health reasons related to childbirth or recovery from childbirth.

Short-Term Disability benefits will only be payable for health-related portions of the leave where necessary in order to comply with requirements such as employment standards, human rights and employment insurance, after you have been disabled for the period described as the elimination period, provided your coverage has been continued.

However, if your employer has a Supplemental Unemployment Benefit (SUB) plan as defined in the Employment Insurance regulations covering the health-related portion of the maternity or parental leave, Sun Life will not pay any benefits under this plan during any period benefits are payable to you under your employer's SUB plan.

Rehabilitation program

You may be required to participate in a rehabilitation program approved by Sun Life in writing.

It may include the involvement of our rehabilitation specialist, part-time work, working in another occupation or vocational training to help you become capable of full-time employment.

Sun Life is under no obligation to approve or continue a rehabilitation program for an employee. We will consider such factors as financial considerations and our opinion on the merits of rehabilitation.

During your rehabilitation program, you may receive Short-Term Disability payments plus income from other sources. However, if during any week your total income is more than 100% of your basic earnings when your disability began (less provincial and federal income taxes if your benefit is non-taxable), your Short-Term Disability payment will be reduced by the excess.

You should consider participating in a rehabilitation program as soon as possible after becoming totally disabled.

If you recover damages from another person

We have the right to part of any money you recover through legal action or settlement from another person, organization or company who caused your disability.

If you decide to take legal action, you must comply with the applicable terms of the group plan concerning legal action.

If you recover money, you must pay us 75% of your net recovery or the total disability income benefits paid or payable to you under this plan, whichever is less. Your net recovery does not include your legal costs. Seventy-five percent of your net recovery must be held in trust for us.

We have the right to withhold or discontinue disability income payments if you refuse or fail to comply with any of these terms.

- When payments end** Your Short-Term Disability payments end on the earlier of the following dates:
- the date you are no longer totally disabled.
 - the end of a maximum benefit period of 24 weeks of payment, reduced by any period benefits are payable to you under your employer's sick leave plan.
 - the date you retire on pension.
 - the date you die.
- When coverage ends** Your Short-Term Disability coverage will end when you retire. Coverage may also end on an earlier date, as specified in *General Information*.
- Payments after coverage ends** If the Short-Term Disability benefit terminates while you are totally disabled, you are entitled to continue receiving payments, as long as your total disability is uninterrupted, as if the benefit were still in effect.
- What is not covered** We will not pay benefits for any period:
- you are not receiving appropriate treatment.
 - that you do any work for wage or profit except as approved by Sun Life.
 - you are not participating in an approved rehabilitation program, if required by Sun Life.
 - you are on a leave of absence, strike or lay-off except as stated under *Maternity / parental leave of absence*. However, if you become totally disabled before a notice of separation is given, payments continue while you are totally disabled, but not beyond the end of the maximum benefit period.

- you are absent from Canada longer than 4 weeks due to any reason, unless Sun Life agrees in writing in advance to pay benefits during the period.
- you are serving a prison sentence or are confined in a similar institution.

We will not consider you totally disabled if your disability results from drug or alcohol abuse. However, this limitation will not apply while you are participating in a Sun Life approved treatment program or you have an organic disease which would cause total disability even if drug and alcohol abuse ended.

We will not pay if benefits are payable to you under any Workers' Compensation Act or similar legislation.

We will not pay for total disability resulting from:

- the hostile action of any armed forces, insurrection or participation in a riot or civil commotion.
- intentionally self-inflicted injuries or attempted suicide, while sane or insane.
- participation in a criminal offence.

When and how to make a claim

To make a claim, claim forms that are available from your employer must be completed. You, the attending doctor and your employer will all have to complete claim forms.

In order for you to receive benefits, we must receive these forms no later than 90 days after the end of the elimination period.

We will assess the claim and send you or your employer a letter outlining our decision.

From time to time, Sun Life can require that you provide us with proof of your total disability. If you do not provide this information within 90 days of the request, you will not be entitled to benefits.

Long-Term Disability

General description of the coverage

Long-Term Disability coverage provides a benefit to you if you are totally disabled. You qualify for this benefit if you provide proof of claim acceptable to Sun Life that:

- you became totally disabled while covered, and
- you have been following appropriate treatment for the disability since its onset.

For your Long-Term Disability coverage,

- during the elimination period and the following 24 months (this period is known as the **own occupation period**), you will be considered totally disabled while you are continuously unable due to an illness to do the essential duties of your own occupation, including any period during which you are unable to report for work as a result of being quarantined due to a declared pandemic or respiratory infection outbreak, and
- afterwards, you will be considered totally disabled if you are continuously unable due to an illness to do any occupation for which you are or may become reasonably qualified by education, training or experience.

If you must hold a government permit or licence to perform your own occupation and your permit or licence is withdrawn or not renewed solely for medical reasons, we will consider you totally disabled for up to 24 months after the end of the elimination period. You cannot be working other than in a Sun Life approved partial disability or rehabilitation program.

Benefits are paid at the end of each month and are based on your coverage on the date you became totally disabled.

If you are totally disabled for part of any month, we will pay 1/30 of

the monthly benefit for each day you are totally disabled.

When disability payments begin

Your Long-Term Disability payments begin after you have been totally disabled for an uninterrupted period of 24 weeks or after the last day benefits are payable under any short-term disability, loss of income or other salary continuation plan, whichever is later.

This period, which must be completed before disability benefits become payable, is the **elimination period**.

If you become totally disabled during a lay-off or approved leave and your coverage continues during this time, you will be eligible for benefit payments following your recall or scheduled return to your regular work schedule with your employer. You must have been totally disabled for an uninterrupted period of 24 weeks and still be totally disabled on the date you are recalled or scheduled to return to your regular work schedule with your employer.

What we will pay

Here is how we calculate your Long-Term Disability payments. All references to income in this disability provision are to the gross amounts before any deductions.

Step 1: We take 66.67% of your monthly basic earnings up to a maximum of \$6,670. The benefit amount is rounded to the next higher \$1.

Step 2: We subtract any income provided to you:

- for the same or a subsequent disability under any government-sponsored plan, excluding dependent benefits, employment insurance benefits and automatic cost-of-living increases under any government-sponsored plan that occur after benefits begin.
- for the same or a subsequent disability under any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law, excluding automatic cost-of-living increases that occur after benefits begin.
- under a motor vehicle insurance plan which provides disability benefits to the extent that the law does not prohibit such a deduction.

- under a group plan, including any coverage resulting from your membership in an association of any kind.
- under a retirement or pension plan funded in whole or in part by the employer, as a result of your disability or a medical condition.
- under the Québec Parental Insurance Plan.

The result from Step 2 is the amount you will normally receive.

If this amount plus the above sources of income and all the additional sources of income listed below exceeds 80% of your pre-disability basic earnings, we will reduce your Long-Term Disability payment by the excess. If your benefit is non-taxable, the maximum will be 80% of your pre-disability basic earnings after income tax.

Additional sources of income provided to you:

- under any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law for another disability, excluding any automatic cost-of-living increases that occur after benefits begin.
- under any Criminal Injuries Compensation Act or similar law, where allowed by law.

If you are eligible for any of the income amounts above and do not apply for them, we will still consider them part of your income. We can estimate those benefits and use those amounts when we calculate your payments.

If you receive any of the income amounts above in a lump sum, we will determine the equivalent compensation this represents on a monthly basis using generally accepted accounting principles.

We will not take into account any benefits that began before your disability began. However, increases in those benefits as a result of your disability will be taken into account.

We have the right to adjust your benefit payments when necessary.

**Maternity / parental
leave of absence**

Maternity leave agreed to with your employer will begin on the date you and your employer have agreed will be the start of your leave or the date the child is born, whichever is earlier. The leave will end on the date you and your employer have agreed that you will return to your regular work schedule or the actual date you return to your regular work schedule, whichever is earlier.

Parental leave is the period of time that you and your employer have agreed on.

Sun Life will determine any portions of a maternity or parental leave which are voluntary and any portions which are health-related. The health-related portion of the leave is the period in which a woman can establish, through appropriate medical documentation, that she is unable to work for health reasons related to childbirth or recovery from childbirth.

Long-Term Disability benefits will only be payable for health-related portions of the leave where necessary in order to comply with requirements such as employment standards, human rights and employment insurance, after you have been disabled for an uninterrupted period of 24 weeks, provided your coverage has been continued.

However, if your employer has a Supplemental Unemployment Benefit (SUB) plan as defined in the Employment Insurance regulations covering the health-related portion of the maternity or parental leave, Sun Life will not pay any benefits under this plan during any period benefits are payable to you under your employer's SUB plan.

**Partial disability
program**

You may be required to participate in a partial disability program approved by Sun Life in writing.

After you are eligible for Long-Term Disability payments, you may be considered for a partial disability program in which you return to your own occupation for a reduced number of hours per week.

During your partial disability program, you can receive a salary from your employer for the hours worked. However, your Long-Term Disability payments will be reduced by the percentage of your normal

work week that you are now working for your employer.

During your partial disability program your total income from all sources cannot exceed 100% of your pre-disability basic earnings, indexed for inflation (less provincial and federal income taxes if your benefit is non-taxable). If this is the case, your Long-Term Disability payments will be further reduced by the excess.

Your participation in a partial disability program will be limited to the own occupation period.

Rehabilitation program

You may be required to participate in a rehabilitation program approved by Sun Life in writing.

It may include the involvement of our rehabilitation specialist, part-time work, working in another occupation or vocational training to help you become capable of full-time employment.

Sun Life is under no obligation to approve or continue a rehabilitation program for an employee. We will consider such factors as financial considerations and our opinion on the merits of rehabilitation.

During your rehabilitation program, you may receive your Long-Term Disability payments plus income from other sources. However, if during any month your total income is more than 100% of your pre-disability basic earnings, indexed for inflation (less provincial and federal income taxes if your benefit is non-taxable), your Long-Term Disability payments will be reduced by the excess.

You should consider participating in a rehabilitation program as soon as possible after becoming totally disabled. If you enter a rehabilitation program during the elimination period, it will not be considered an interruption of the elimination period.

Interrupted periods of disability during elimination period

Interrupted periods of total disability due to the same or related causes occurring before the elimination period has been completed are treated as one period of disability and are accumulated to complete the elimination period as long as this benefit is in force and all of the following conditions are met:

- the initial period of total disability lasts for at least 30 days without interruption.
- afterwards, there is no interruption of more than 30 days.
- each period of total disability is completed within 12 months after the start of the elimination period, or as approved by Sun Life in advance in cases where the elimination period is 365 days or more.

The difference between your normal number of scheduled hours and the number of hours actually worked is credited towards the elimination period.

If the Long-Term Disability benefit terminates, any balance of the elimination period must subsequently be completed by uninterrupted total disability.

Interrupted periods of disability after payments begin

If you had a total disability for which we paid Long-Term Disability benefits and total disability occurs again due to the same or related causes, we will consider it a continuation of your previous disability if it occurs within 6 months of the end of your previous disability. You must be covered when total disability reoccurs.

These benefits will be based on your coverage as it existed on the original date of total disability.

If you recover damages from another person

We have the right to part of any money you recover through legal action or settlement from another person, organization or company who caused your disability.

If you decide to take legal action, you must comply with the applicable terms of the group contract concerning legal action.

If you recover money, you must pay us 75% of your net recovery or the total disability income benefits paid or payable to you under this plan, whichever is less. Your net recovery does not include your legal costs. Seventy-five percent of your net recovery must be held in trust for us.

We have the right to withhold or discontinue disability income

payments if you refuse or fail to comply with any of these terms.

Your responsibilities During your total disability, you must make reasonable efforts to:

- recover from your disability, including participating in any reasonable treatment or rehabilitation program and accepting any reasonable offer of modified duties from your employer.
- return to your own occupation during the first 24 months that benefits are payable.
- obtain training in order to qualify for another occupation if it becomes apparent that you will not be able to return to your own occupation within the first 24 months that benefits are payable.
- try to obtain work in another occupation after the first 24 months that benefits are payable.
- obtain benefits that may be available from other sources.

If you do not, Sun Life may hold back or discontinue benefits.

When payments end Your Long-Term Disability payments end on the earlier of the following dates:

- the date you are no longer totally disabled.
- the last day of the month in which you reach age 65.
- the last day of the month in which you retire with a pension or are eligible to retire with a full pension or a full pension equivalent.
- the last day of the month in which you die.

When coverage ends Long-Term Disability coverage will end on the day you reach age 65 less the elimination period of 24 weeks or the day you retire, whichever is earlier. Coverage may also end on an earlier date, as specified in *General Information*.

Payments after coverage ends

If the Long-Term Disability benefit terminates while you are totally disabled, you are entitled to continue receiving payments, as long as your total disability is uninterrupted, as if the benefit were still in effect.

What is not covered

We will not pay benefits for any period:

- you are not receiving appropriate treatment.
- that you do any work for wage or profit except as approved by Sun Life.
- you are not participating in an approved partial disability or rehabilitation program, if required by Sun Life.
- you are on a leave of absence, strike or lay-off except as stated under *Maternity / parental leave of absence* or except where specifically agreed to by Sun Life.
- you are absent from Canada longer than 4 months due to any reason, unless Sun Life agrees in writing in advance to pay benefits during the period.
- you are serving a prison sentence or are confined in a similar institution.

We do not pay benefits if your disability results directly or indirectly from a condition which existed on or before the date your coverage began. However, this limitation will not apply to you if:

- you have been covered for Long-Term Disability with your employer for at least 13 weeks during which you have been actively working continuously (up to 3 days of absence does not count) and you have not been treated by a doctor, or any medical personnel under the direction of a doctor, for the condition, or
- you became totally disabled more than 12 months after your coverage began.

If your coverage ends but you are covered again under this plan, we

will use the latest date your coverage began when applying the above limitation.

We will not consider you totally disabled if your disability results from drug or alcohol abuse. However, this limitation will not apply while you are participating in a Sun Life approved treatment program or you have an organic disease which would cause total disability even if drug and alcohol abuse ended.

We will not pay benefits for total disability resulting from:

- the hostile action of any armed forces, insurrection or participation in a riot or civil commotion.
- intentionally self-inflicted injuries or attempted suicide, while sane or insane.
- participation in a criminal offence.

When and how to make a claim

To make a claim, complete the Notice of Claim for Group Long-Term Disability Benefits that is available from your employer.

We must receive notice of claim on the earlier of the following dates:

- 60 days after the total disability begins.
- within 30 days of the termination of this Long-Term Disability benefit.

Part of the application process will include filling out claim forms that give us as many details about the claim as possible. You, the attending doctor and your employer will all have to complete claim forms.

In order to receive benefits, we must receive these forms no later than 90 days after the end of the elimination period.

We will assess the claim and send you or your employer a letter outlining our decision.

From time to time, Sun Life can require that you provide us with proof of your total disability. If you do not provide this information within 90 days of this request, you will not be entitled to benefits.

Life Coverage

General description of the coverage Your Life coverage provides a benefit for your beneficiary if you die while covered. Your dependents' Life coverage provides a benefit if one of your dependents dies while covered.

Basic Life coverage for you

Amount Your Life benefit is 1 times your annual basic earnings, rounded to the next higher \$1,000. The maximum amount of coverage is \$500,000.

Coverage ends Your coverage will end when you retire or reach age 80, whichever is earlier. Coverage may also end on an earlier date, as specified in *General Information*.

Optional Life coverage for you

Amount You can choose 1 times your annual basic earnings. The result is rounded to the next higher \$1,000.

Overall maximum The maximum amount of coverage for your basic and optional benefits combined is \$500,000.

Coverage ends Your coverage will end when you retire or reach age 80, whichever is earlier. Coverage may also end on an earlier date, as specified in *General Information*.

Basic Life coverage for your dependents

Amount Your spouse's benefit is \$10,000. Your children's benefit is \$5,000 per child.

Coverage ends Coverage for your dependents will end when you retire or reach age 70, whichever is earlier. Coverage may also end on an earlier date, as specified in *General Information*.

Who we will pay

If you die while covered, Sun Life will pay the full amount of your benefit to your last named beneficiary on file with Sun Life.

If you have not named a beneficiary, the benefit amount will be paid to your estate. Anyone can be your beneficiary. You can change your beneficiary at any time, unless a law prevents you from doing so or you indicate that the beneficiary is not to be changed.

If a dependent dies, Sun Life will pay you the benefit for that dependent.

Coverage during total disability

If you become totally disabled before you retire or reach age 65, whichever is earlier, Life coverage may continue without the payment of premiums as long as you are totally disabled. This continued coverage is subject to the terms of the contract which were in effect on the date you became totally disabled, including reductions and terminations.

Sun Life must receive proof of your total disability within 12 months of the date the disability begins. After that, we can require ongoing proof that you are still totally disabled.

If proof of total disability is approved after an individual insurance policy becomes effective as a result of converting the group Life coverage, the group Life coverage will be reduced by the amount of the individual insurance policy, unless the individual insurance policy is exchanged for a refund of premiums.

This coverage will continue without payment of premiums, from the date total disability begins, until the date you cease to be totally disabled or the date you fail to give Sun Life proof of your continued total disability, whichever is earlier.

Dependent Life coverage will also continue without payment of premiums, as long as your Life coverage is continued without payment of premiums, but not after the Dependent Life benefit is terminated.

For the purposes of your Life coverage, you will be considered totally disabled if you are prevented by illness from performing any occupation you are or may become reasonably qualified for by education, training or experience. However, if you are totally disabled

under the Long-Term Disability benefit, you are also considered to be totally disabled under the Life benefit.

Converting Life coverage

If your Life coverage ends or reduces for any reason other than your request, you may apply to convert the group Life coverage to an individual Life policy with Sun Life without providing proof of good health.

If your spouse's Life coverage ends for any reason other than your request, your spouse may apply to convert the group Life coverage to an individual Life policy with Sun Life without providing proof of good health.

Where necessary in order to comply with applicable legislation: If your child's Life coverage ends due to the termination of your Life coverage, you may apply to convert the group Life coverage for your child to an individual Life policy with Sun Life without providing proof of good health.

The request must be made within 31 days of the reduction or end of the Life coverage.

There are a number of rules and conditions in the group contract that apply to converting this coverage, including the maximum amount that can be converted. Please contact your employer for details.

When and how to make a claim

Claims for Life benefits must be made as soon as reasonably possible. Claim forms are available from your employer.

Respecting Your Privacy

At Sun Life Financial, protecting your privacy is a priority. We maintain a confidential file in our offices containing personal information about you and your contract(s) with us. Our files are kept for the purpose of providing you with investment and insurance products or services that will help you meet your lifetime financial objectives. Access to your personal information is restricted to those employees, representatives and third party service providers who are responsible for the administration, processing and servicing of your contract(s) with us, our reinsurers or any other person whom you authorize. In some instances these persons may be located outside Canada, and your personal information may be subject to the laws of those foreign jurisdictions. You are entitled to consult the information contained in our file and, if applicable, to have it corrected by sending a written request to us.

To find out about our Privacy Policy, visit our website at www.sunlife.ca, or to obtain information about our privacy practices, send a written request by e-mail to privacyofficer.sunlife.com, or by mail to Privacy Officer, Sun Life Financial, 225 King St. West, Toronto, ON M5V 3C5.

